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L E T T E R

From the NOBILITY, BARONS & COMMONS of
SCOTLAND, in the Year 1320, yet extant
under all the Seals of the NOBILITY:

DIRECTED TO

P O P E I O H N:

*Wherein they declare their firm Resolutions, to adhere to their King
ROBERT the BRUCE, as the Restorer of the Safety, and
Liberties of the People, and as having the true Right of
Succession: But withall, They notwithstanding De-
clare, That if the King should offer to subvert
their Civil Liberties, they will disown him
as an Enemy, and choose another to be
King, for their own Defence.*

Translated from the Original, in *Latine*, as it is insert by Sr. George
Mckenzie of Rosehaugh, in his Observations on Precedency, &c.



Edinburgh, Re-printed in the Year 1689.

Я Е Т Т И

THE BOARD OF THE NATIONALITY:

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1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

1994-1995

[Faint handwritten text]

A Letter from the Nobility, Barons and Commons of SCOTLAND, in the Year 1320, yet extant under all the Seals of the Nobility, &c.

SANCTISSIMO Patri in CHRISTO ac Domino, Domino *Joanni*, Divinâ Providentiâ Sacrosanctæ Romanæ & Universalis Ecclesiæ summo Pontifici, Filii sui humiles & devoti, *Duncanus* Comes de Fyfe, *Thomas* Ranulphi Comes Moraviæ, Dominus Manniæ, & Vallis Anandiæ, *Patrickus* de Dumbar, Comes Marchiæ, *Malcolmus* Comes de Strathern, *Malcolmus* Comes de Levenox, *Willielmus* Comes de Ros, *Magnus* Comes Cathaniæ & Orcadiæ, & *Willielmus* Comes Sutherlandiæ, *Walterus* Senescallus Scotiæ, *Willielmus* de Soules Buttelarius Scotiæ, *Iacobus* Dominus de Dowlgas, *Rogerus* de Moubray, *David* Dominus de Brechine, *David* de Grahame, *Ingelarnus* de Umfravile, *Ioannes* de Monteith, *Alexander* Frazer, *Gilbertus* de Haiâ Constabularius Scotiæ, *Robertus* de Keith Mariscallus Scotiæ, *Henricus* de Sancto claro, *Joannes* de Grahame, *David* de Lindeley, *Willielmus* de Liphant, *Patrickus* de Grahame, *Joannes* de Fenton, *Willielmus* de Abernethie, *David* de Weyms, *Willielmus* de Monte fixo, *Fergusus* de Ardrosin, *Eustachius* de Maxwell, *Willielmus* de Ramsay, *Willielmus* de Monte alto, *Alanus* de Moraviâ, *Dovenaldus* Campbell, *Ioannes* Camburn, *Reginaldus* le Chen, *Alexander* de Seton, *Anareus* de Lescelyne, & *Alexander* de Straton, cæterique Barones & Libere-tenentes, ac tota Communitas Regni Scotia, omnimodam Reverentiam filialem, cum devotis pedum osculis beatorum. Scimus sancti-

Tour most holy Father in Christ, and our Lord, *ohn*, by the Divine providence, chief Bishop of the most holy Roman, & Universal Church, Your Humble and Devoted Sons, *Duncan* Earle of Fyfe, *Thomas* Randolph Earle of Murray, Lord of Mannia, and Annandale, *Patrick* de Dumbar, Earle of March, *Malcolmus* Earle of Strathern, *Malcolmus*, Earle of Lennox, *William* Earle of Ros, *Magnus*, Earl of Caithness, and Orkney, *William*, Earle of Sutherland, *Walter* Steward of Scotland, *William* de Soules, Buttelarius of Scotland, *James* Lord of Douglas, *Roger* de Moubray, *David* Lord of Brechin, *David* de Graham, *Ingelramus* de Umfravile, *John* de Monteith, Warder of the Countie of Monteith, *Alexander* Frazer, *Gilbert* de Hay, Constable of Scotland, *Robert* de Keith, Marishal of Scotland, *Henry* de Sancto claro, *John* de Graham, *David* de Lyndsay, *William* Oliphant, *Patrick* de Graham, *John* de Fenton, *William* de Abernethie, *David* de weyms, *William* de Monte-fixe, *Fergus* de Ardrosan, *Eustachius* de Maxwell, *William* de Ramsay, *William* de Monte-alto, *Allan* de Murray, *Donald* Campbell, *John* Camburn, *Reginald* le Chen, *Alexander* de Seton, *Andrew* de Lescelyne, and *Alexander* de Straton. And the rest of the Barons and free-holders, and whole community, or Commons of the Kingdom of Scotland. Send all manner of filial reverence, with devout kisses, of your Blessed, and happy feet.

Most holy Father and Lord, we know, and ga-

sanctissime Pater & Domine, & ex antiquo-
rum Gestis & Libris colligimus, quod in-
ter cæteras Nationes egregias, nostra sciz.
Scotorum Natio, multis Præconiis fuerit in-
signita: Quæ de majori Scythia per mare
Tirenum, & Columnas Herculis transi-
ens, & in Hispania inter ferocissimos, per
multa temporum Curricula, residens, à
nullis quantumcunque Barbaricis poterat
alicubi subjugari; Indeque veniens, post
mille & ducentos annos à transitu populi I-
raelitici, sibi sedes in Occidente quas nunc
obtinet, expulsi Britonibus, & Pictis
omniq; deletis, licet per Norwegienses,
Danos, & Anglos sæpius impugnata fue-
rit, multis sibi Victoriis, & Laboribus
quamplurimis adquisivit; ipsalque ab om-
ni servitute liberas ut priscorum testantur
historiæ, semper tenuit. In quorum Reg-
no, centum & tresdecem Reges de ipsorum
Regali prosapia, nullo alienigena interve-
niente, Regnaverunt. Quorum Nobilita-
tes & merita, licet ex aliis non clarent,
satis tamen patenter effulgent, ex eo quod
Rex Regum Dominus IESUS CHRIS-
TUS, post Passionem & Resurrectionem
suam, ipsos in ultimis Terræ finibus con-
stitutos, quasi primos, ad suam Fidem San-
ctissimam, convocavit: Nec eos, per quem-
libet in dictâ fide, confirmari voluit, sed
per suum primum Apostolum, quamvis
Ordine secundum vel tertium, sanctum
Andream meritissimum beati Petri Ger-

ther from ancient acts, and records, that in every fa-
mous Nation, this of *Scotland* hath been celebrat with
many praises: This *Nation* having come from *Sythia*
the greater, through the *Tuscan* Sea, and by *Hercules*
pillars, and having for many ages taken its residence in
Spain in the midst of a most fierce people, could never
be brought in Subjection by any people, how Barba-
rous soever: And having removed from these parts,
above 1200 years after the coming of the *Israe-
lites* out of *Egypt*, did by many Victories and much
toile, obtain these parts in the West, which they
still possess, having expelled the *Britons*, and intire-
ly rooted out the *Picts*, notwithstanding of the
frequent assaults, and invasions they mett with from
the *Norwegians*, *Danes*, and *English*; And these
parts, and possessions they have alwayes retained
free from all manner of Servitude, and Subjection,
as ancient Histories do witness.

This *Kingdom* hath been governed by an unint-
errupted succession of 113 Kings all of our own Native &
Royal stock, without the interveining of any stranger.

The true Nobility and Merits of those *Princes* and
people, are very remarkable, from this one
consideration, (tho' there were no other evidence
for it, That the *King of Kings*, the *Lord Jesus*
Christ, after his passion, and Resurrection, ho-
noured them as it were the first, (though living in
the outmost ends of the Earth) with a *Call* to his
most holy Faith: Neither would our *Saviour* have
them confirmed in the *Christian Faith*, by any o-
ther Instrument, than his own first Apostle, (tho'
in order the second or third) St. *Andrew* the most
worthy Brother of the Blessed *Peter*, whom he would
alwayes have to be over us, as our patron, or protector.
Upon the weighty Consideration of these things
our most holy *Fathers*, your Predecessors, did with
many great and singular favours and privileges,
fence, and secure this *Kingdom*, and *People* as
being the peculiar charge, and care, of the
Brother of St. *Peter*; so that our Nation hath hi-
therto lived in freedom and quietness, under their

manum, quem semper ipsis præesse voluit ut Patronum. Hæc autem sanctissimi
Patres & Predecessores vestri sollicita mente pensantes, ipsum Regnum & Populum,
ut beati Petri Germani peculium, multis favoribus & privilegiis quamplurimis mu-
averunt. Itaque Gens nostra, sub ipsorum protectione, libera hæcenus degit &
quieta.

quieta; donec ille Princeps Magnificus Rex Anglorum *Edwardus*, Pater istius qui nunc est, Regnum nostrum Acephalum, Populumq; nullius mali aut doli conscium, nec Bellis aut insultibus tunc assuetum, sub amici & confederati specie, innumerabiliter infestavit: Cujus Injurias, Cædes & violentias, Prædationes, Incendia, Prelatorum Incarcerationes, Monasteriorum Combustiones, Religiosorum Spoliationes, & Occisiones, alia quoque Enormia, quæ in dicto populo exercuit, nulli parcens Ætati aut Sexui, Religioni aut Ordini, nullus scriberet, nec ad plenum intelligeret, nisi quem Experientia informaret. A quibus malis innumeris, ipso juvante qui post vulnera medetur & sanat, Liberati sumus per fenerissimum Principem, Regem & Dominum nostrum, Dominum Robertum, qui pro Populo & Hæreditate suis, de Manibus inimicorum liberandis, quasi alter *Maccabeus*, aut *Josue* Labores & ædia, Inedias & Pericula læto sustinuit animo: Quem etiam Divina Dispositio, & juxta Leges & Consuetudines nostras, quas usque ad mortem sustinere volumus. juris Successio, & debitus nostrorum Consensus & Assensus, nostrum fecerunt Principem atque Regem. Cui tanquam illi per quem salus in Populo facta est pro nostra Libertate tuenda, tam Jure quam Meritis tenemur, & volumus in omnibus adhærere. Quem, si ab inceptis desisteret, Regi Anglorum aut *Anglicis* nos, aut Regnum nostrum volens subijcere, tanquam inimicum nostrum, & sui nostrique Juris subversorem statim expellere nitemur; & alium Regem nostrum, qui ad defensionem nostram sufficeret, faciemus. Quia quamdiu Centum vivi remanserint, nuncquam Anglorum dominio aliquatenus volumus subjugari. Non enim propter Gloriam Devitias aut Honores pugnamus, sed propter Libertatem solummodo, quam nemo bonus nisi simul cum vita amittit. Hinc est, Reverende Pater ac Domine,

protection. till the *Magnificent, King Edward* Father to the present *King of England*, did under the colour of Friendship, and alliance, or confederacie, with innumerable oppressions infest us who minded no fraud or deceit, at a time when we were without a *King or Head*, and when the People were unacquainted with warres and invasions. It is impossible for any whose own experience hath not informed him to describe, or fully to understand, the injuries, Blood, and violence, the depredations and fire, the imprisonments of *Prelates*, the burning, slaughter and robbetrie committed upon holy persons and Religious Houses, and a vast multitude of other Barbarities, which that *King* execute on this People without sparing of any Sex, or age, Religion, or order of men whatsoever.

But at length it pleased God, who only can heal after wounds, to restore us to Libertie, from these innumerable calamities, by our most Serene Prince *King and Lord Robert*, who for the delivering of his People and his own Rightful Inheritance from the Enemies hand, did like another *Josua*, or *Maccabeus* most cheartfully undergo all manner of toyle fatigue, hardship, and hazard. The Divine Providence, the right of Succession by the Lawes and Customs of the Kingdom (whvch we will defend till death) and the due and Lawfull Consent, & Assent of all the People, made him our *King and Prince*. To him we are obliged, and resolved to adhere in all things, both upon the account of his right, and his own merit, as being the person who hath restored the people's safety, in defence of their Liberties. But after all, if this Prince shall leave these principles he hath so nobly pursued, and consent that we or our Kingdom be Subjected to the king or people of England, we will immediately endeavour to expell him, as our Enemy and as the Subverter, both of his own and our rights, and will make another *King*, who will defend our Liberties: For so long as there shall but one hundred of us remain alive, we will never give consent to subject our selves to the Dominion of the *English*. For it is not *Glory*, it is not *Riches*, neither is it *Honour*, but it is *Liberty* alone that we fight, and contend for, which no Honest man will lose, but wish his life.

For these reasons, *most Reverend Father and Lord*, quod

Quod Sanctitatem vestram, cum omni Præ-
cum instantiâ, Genu flexis Cordibus exo-
ramus; Quatenus sincero corde, menteque
piâ recensentes, quod apud eum cujus vices
in terris geritis, non sic pondus, & pondus,
nec distinctio Judei & Græci: Scori aut
Anglici, tribulationes & angustias nobis &
Ecclesiæ DE! illatas ab Anglicis, paternis
oculis intuentes; Regem Anglorum, cui
sufficere debet quod possidet, cum olim An-
glia septem aut pluribus solebat sufficere
Regibus, monere & exhortari dignemini, ut
nos Scotos in exili degentes Scotiâ ultra quam
habitation non est, nihilq; nisi nostrum cupi-
entes in pace dimittat. Cui pro nostrâ pro-
curandâ quiete quicquid possumus, ad sta-
tum nostrum respectu habito, hoc facere
volumus cum effectu. Vestra enim inter-
est, Sancte Pater, hoc facere, qui Paga-
norum feritatem, Christianorum culpis
exigentibus, in Christianos sævientem aspi-
citis, & Christianorum terminos arctari in-
dies: Quare ne quid vestræ Sanctitatis me-
moriar deroget, & si, quod absit, Eccle-
sia in aliqua sui parte vestris temporibus pa-
tiatur Ecclesiam aut Scandalum, vos videri-
tis. Exhortet igitur Christianos principes,
qui, non causam ut causam ponentes, se
singunt in subsidium Terræ sanctæ, pro-
pter guerras quas habent cum proximis ire
non posse: Cujus impedimenti causa est
terior, quod, in minoribus proximis de-
bellandis, utilitas propior & resistentia
debilior æstimentur. Sic quam læto corde
dictus Dominus Rex noster, & nos, si Rex
Anglorum nos in pace dimittet, illuc ire-
mus; qui nihil ignoret satis novit: Quod

We do with most earnest prayers, from our bended
Knees and Hearts, beg, and entreat, your *Holiness*,
that you may be pleased with a sincere, and cor-
dial piety, to consider, that with *him*, whose
Vicar on Earth you are, there is no respect nor distin-
ction of *Jew*, nor *Greek*, *Scots*, nor *English*, and
that with a tender and Fatherly eye, you may look
upon the calamities, and straits, brought upon us,
and the Church of God by the *English*; and that
you may admonish, and exhort the *King* of
England, (whose may well rest satisfied with his
own possessions, since that *Kingdom* of old used to
be sufficient for seven or more *Kings*) to suffer us to
live at peace in that narrow spot of *Scotland*, beyond
whither we have no habitation, since we desire no-
thing but our own, and we on our part, as far
as we are able, with respect to our own condition,
shall effectually agree to him in every thing that
may procure our quiet.

It is your concernment, *Most Holy Father*, to in-
terpose in this, when you see how far the *Violence*,
and *Barbarie* of the *Pagans* is let loose to
rage against *Christendom* for punishing of the
sins of the *Christians*, and how much they day-
ly encroach upon the *Christian Territories*. And it is
your interest to notice, that there be no ground
given for reflecting on your memory, if you should
suffer any part of the *Church*, to come under a scan-
dal, or *Eclipse* (which we pray *God* may prevent)
during your times.

Let it therefore please your *Holiness*, to exhort
the *Christian Princes*, not to make the *varres* be-
twixt them and their *Neighbours*, a pretext for not
going to the relief of the *Holy Land*, since that
is not the true cause of the impediment: The true
ground of it is, that they have a much nearer pro-
spect of advantage, and far less opposition, in the
subduing of their weaker *Neighbours*. And *God*
(who is Ignorant of nothing) knows, with how
much cheerfulness, both our *King*, and we would
goe thither, if the *King of England* would leave us
in peace, and we doe hereby testify and declare it
to the *Vicar of Christ*, and to all *Christendom*.

But, if your *Holiness*, shall be too credulous of the
English misrepresentations, and not give firm credit
to what we have said, nor desist to favour the

CHRISTI Vicario totique Christianitati ostendimus & testamur. Quibus si San-
ctitas vestra Anglorum reatibus nimis credula, fidem sinceram non adhibat, aut ip-
lis

his in nostram confusionem favere non desinat; corporum excidia, animarum exitia, & cætera quæ sequentur incommoda, quæ ipsi in nobis, & nos in ipsis fecerimus, vobis ab Altissimo credimus imputanda. Ex quo sumus & erimus in his quæ tenemur, tanquam obedientiæ filii, vobis tanquam ipsius Vicario in omnibus complacere; ipsique tanquam summo Regi & Judici, causam nostram tuendam committimus: Cogitarum nostrum jactantes in ipso, sperantelque finem, quod in nobis virtutem faciet, & ad nihilum rediget hostes nostros. Serenitatem & Sanctitatem vestram conservet Altissimus Ecclesiæ tuæ sanctæ per tempora diuturna. Datum apud Monasterium de *Aberbrothock* in *Scotsa*, sexto die *Aprilis*, Anno Gratiae millesimo trecentesimo vicesimo, Anno vero Regni Regis nostri supradicti, quintodecimo.

English, to our destruction; wee must believe that the *Most High* will lay to your charge, all the Blood, loss of Souls, and other calamities that shall follow on either hand, betwixt us and them.

Your *Holiness* in granting our just desires, will oblige us in every case, where our duty shall require it, to endeavour your satisfaction, as becomes the obedient Sons of the *Vicar of Christ*.

We commit the defence of our cause, to him who is the Sovereigne King and Judge, we cast the burden of our cares upon him, and hope for such an issue as may give strength, and courage to us, and bring our Enemies to nothing. The *most High God* long preserve your *Serenity*, and *Holyness* to his *Holy Church*.

Given at the Monastery of *Aberbrothock* in *Scotland*, the Sixth day of *April*, in the year of Grace M. CCC. XX. And of our said King's reign the XV. year.

F I N I S